SAFETY DATA SHEET

Simpson® Pump Oil

Section 1. Identification

: 05/06/2016 Date

Version : 1

GHS product identifier : Simpson® Pump Oil

Code : 7106737 **Product type** : Liquid.

Identified uses : Pump crankcase oil. Not to be misted.

United Petroleum Company Supplier's details

Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.

225 E. Germann Rd. Bld. 1

Ste. 140

Gilbert, AZ 85297

Information: (317) 328-5660

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300

Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

(24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Causes skin irritation. May irritate eye. May be harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Avoid breathing fume/mist/vapors/spray

Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.

Response : Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

Storage : Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of

: Not available.

identification

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : 7106737

United States

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Hydrotreated Distillates, Heavy Paraffinic	78 - 90	64742-54-7
Detergent/Dispersant	10 - 20	
Viscosity Modifier	10 - 20	9003-29-6
Pour Point Depressant	1 - 2	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Can irritate the skin causing a rash or burning feeling on contact.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Acute aspiration of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration hazard. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Repeated aspiration of mineral oil can produce chronic inflammation of the lungs (i.e. lipoid pneumonia) that may progress to pulmonary fibrosis. Symptoms are often subtle and radiological changes appear worse than clinical abnormalities. Occasionally, persistent cough, irritation of the upper respiratory tract, shortness of breath with exertion, fever, and bloody sputum occur. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities. Preexisting

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No special protection is required.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: skin.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: No specific data. Under fire conditions, may produce fumes, smoke, oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: No special protection is required.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.



This information is intended solely for the use by individuals trained in this system.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eves, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Avoid contact with used product. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Under conditions which may generate mists (Oil mist, mineral), the following exposure limits are recommended: ACGIH TLV TWA: 5 mg/m³; NIOSH TWA: 5 mg/m³ STEL: 10 mg/m³; OSHA 5 mg/m³

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,

gases or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with

NIOSH/MSHA if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product

and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Amber.

Odor : Slight hydrocarbon.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point / Pour point : -40°C (-40°F)

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 232°C (449.6°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available.

: 0.8848 (Specific Gravity) **Relative density**

: Insoluble in water. **Solubility**

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available. : 15.5 cSt (100°C) **Viscosity**

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

: The product is chemically stable. **Chemical stability**

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid sources of ignition, heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May irritate and cause stomach pain, vomiting, diarrhea and nausea. Human evidence indicates that the product has very low acute oral, dermal or inhalation toxicity. However, it can produce severe injury if taken into the lung as a liquid, and there may be profound central nervous system depression following prolonged exposure to high levels of vapour.

Irritation/Corrosion

May irritate eyes and skin.

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

NTP (N); IARC Monographs (N); OSHA Regulated (N). No known carcinogenicity.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Dermatitis. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. In high concentrations, mists/vapors may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist may cause oil pneumonia, lung tissue inflammation, and/or fibrous tissue formation.

Aspiration hazard

These products are not likely to present an inhalation hazard at normal temperatures and pressures. However, when aerosolizing, misting, or heating these products, high concentrations of generated vapor or mist may irritate the respiratory tract (nose, throat, and lungs).

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects: The following acute (short-term) health effects may occur immediately or shortly after exposure to Mineral Oil.

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Breathing Oil mist can irritate the lungs causing coughing and/or shortness of breath.

Skin contact : Oil can irritate the skin causing a rash or burning feeling on contact.

Ingestion: May irritate and cause stomach pain, vomiting, diarrhea and nausea. Breathing product

into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause lung injury and possible death.

Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known carcinogenicity.

Mutagenicity
Teratogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of Toxicity.

Acute toxicity estimates product information (Estimated):

ATEmix (oral) >5000 mg/kg ATEmix (dermal) 2281 mg/kg

ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 20.3 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life

Plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lubricating oils normally will float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway may be sufficient to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment

Persistence and degradability There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

There is no data available

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: There is no data available.

coefficient (K_{oc})

Mobility

: There is no data available.

Other adverse effects

: No information available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

AERG: Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc

salts.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 **Class II Substances**

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals) **DEA List II Chemicals**

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (Acute) health hazard. Delayed (chronic) health hazard

SARA 313 : Not applicable.

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Distillates, hydrotreated light paraffinic

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates,

hydrotreated light paraffinic

Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain detectable amounts of any chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

This product does not contain detectable amounts of any chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Section 16. Other information

NFPA Hazard Rating: Health 1

Fire 1

Reactivity 0

HMIS Hazard Rating: Health 1* Slight

Fire 1 Slight

Physical 0 Minimal

*Chronic



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